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## ESA - albed /epsilon

Správ: (4)

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JAro,

vo vzorci pre LST je albedo alpha a epsilon - emissivity.

Emissivitu aproximujeme cez 1- albedo.

Defacto je teda emissivita vo vzorci dvakrat?

$(1\text{-albedo})^*I = \epsilon^*\sigma....$

$\epsilon = 1 - \text{albedo}$

alebo ako to je? aby som o tom spravne napisal, lebo v dalsom riadku  
si pisal, ze

For typical condition of epsilon = 5.5 Wm<sup>-2</sup>K<sup>-1</sup>

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Miso,

ano, thermal emissivity approximujeme cez 1-albedo. Albedo je solar reflectance/reflectivity pre cele spektrum emg ziarenia. Je to tak preto, lebo nemame udaje o emisivite materialov, ba dokonca ani nevieme o aky material ide. Je to rough estimate, ale hodnoty su v intervale moznych (zvyctajne 0.5-0.9).

Tu je jeden z clankov, kde su niektore veci a hodnoty uvedene.

Tu cislo dole nie je emissivity ale radiative heat transfer coeff, kde vstupuje aj ta emissivity. Mozes to vyhodit, zrejme som len chcel s tym nieco skusat.

J.

Michal Gallay napísal(a):

[Citovaný text je skryty]

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 THE\_IMPACT\_OF\_REFLECTIVITY\_AND\_EMISSIVITY\_OF\_ROOFS.pdf  
861K

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Tu je este vysvetlene pozadie nasho postupu:

A relationship called Kirchoff's Law says that surfaces with high reflectivity (or, roughly, albedo) have low emissivity. This is why survival blankets are silver; they shed less heat through radiation because they have low emissivity. However this relationship does not rigidly hold, and so I tend to refer to it as Kirchoff's Suggestion, rather than a law. In aerospace we use coatings (e.g., Mylar) that often violate Kirchoff's Law intentionally.

<https://hk.answers.yahoo.com/question/index?qid=20100511144526AA2gOef>

J.

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[Citovaný text je skrytý]

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A este vzorec:

Kirchhoff's Law

$$\text{absorption} = e \text{ at a specific wavelength}$$
$$(1-\text{albedo}) = e$$

For an arbitrary body emitting and absorbing thermal radiation in thermodynamic equilibrium, the emissivity is equal to the absorptivity.

To znamena, ze my predpokladame, ze emissivita je rovna absorbcii.

J.

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[Citovaný text je skrytý]